## **Principles of visceral systems**

## **GENERAL OBJECTIVES:**

Using examples of solid and hollow visceral organs, distinguish:

**Hollow organs**: beginning, termination, connections to other organs, description of walls/cavity, surfaces, borders, relations to serous membranes and mesenteries, supply

**Solid (glandular) organs**: surfaces, borders, poles, hilus, segmentation (lobes, segments, lobules), relations to serous membranes and mesenteries, blood and nervous supply.